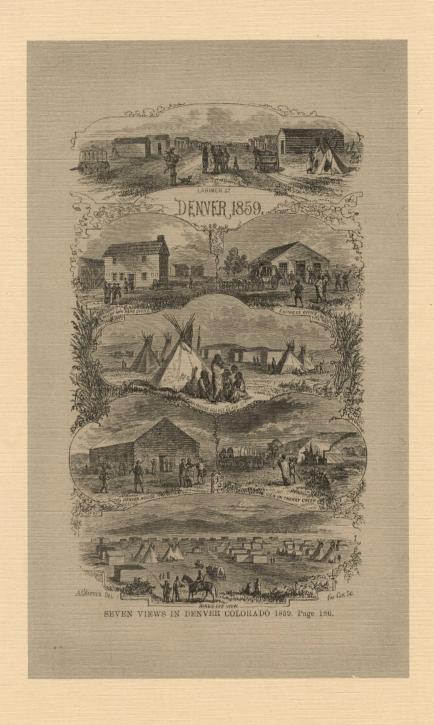
THEHELIOGRAPH



The Postal History Foundation

SUMMER 1994 ISSUE VOLUME 8, NO. 3

THE HELIOGRAPH

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Some Unusual and Interesting Postal History During WWII

By Robert B. Bechtel

From the lowliest private to the highest bureaucrat, World War II provides some interesting and unusual postal history, most of it with attempts to direct letters from the ordinary flow of the mail. Figure 1 shows a penalty envelope from the Office For Emergency Management to the Deputy Administrator in charge of rationing. Even though it is a penalty envelope, it is franked with a meter that is departmental permit No. 17. Why was such a meter necessary? It was used like a cancel and added no value to postage above that of the penalty envelope itself.

Stapled to the envelope is a yellow slip of paper with the word SPECIAL in caps. Whatever SPECIAL may have meant it is now lost. Was this a version of special delivery? The letter was redirected twice, once to room 58 (it was first addressed to room 50) and then to Pat French in room 18D. Whoever Pat French was, we will never know, but, presumably it was someone who would handle the matter at hand eventually.

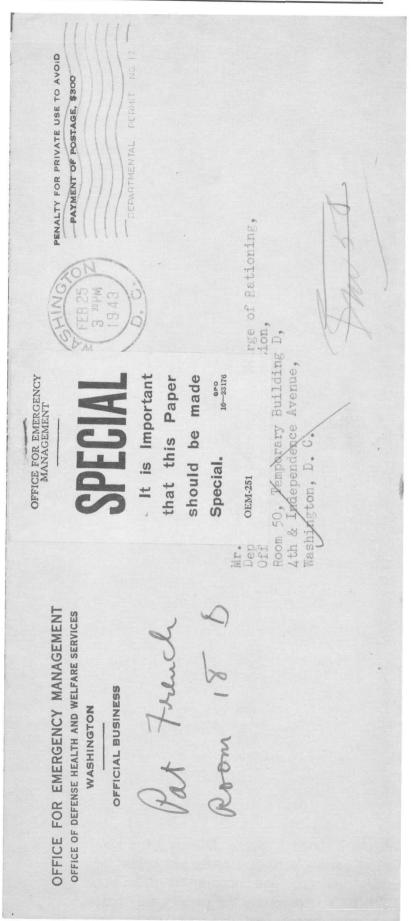


Figure 1

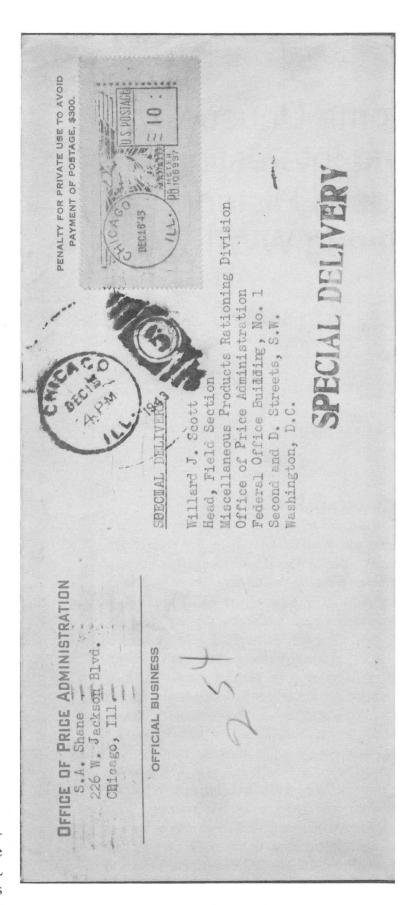


Figure 2 shows a special delivery letter handled by pasting a 10 cent meter just below the penalty indicium and marking it SPECIAL DELIVERY. Apparently the penalty only pays the regular postage and the meter covers the special delivery rate.

Figure 2

W. Mountain View St., Long Beach 5, California Put Alfred K. Ross. ESSENTIAL MILITARY HINTH SERVICE COMMAND WAR DEPARTMENT FORT DOUGLAS, UTAH OFFICIAL BUSINESS

But Figure 3 shows a later extravaganza with red borders and a red-outlined ESSENTIAL MILITARY MAIL and this treats the penalty as providing no postage in itself, pasting the air mail stamp directly over it. This is a War Department envelope from the days before this department's name was defanged to become the Department of Defense.

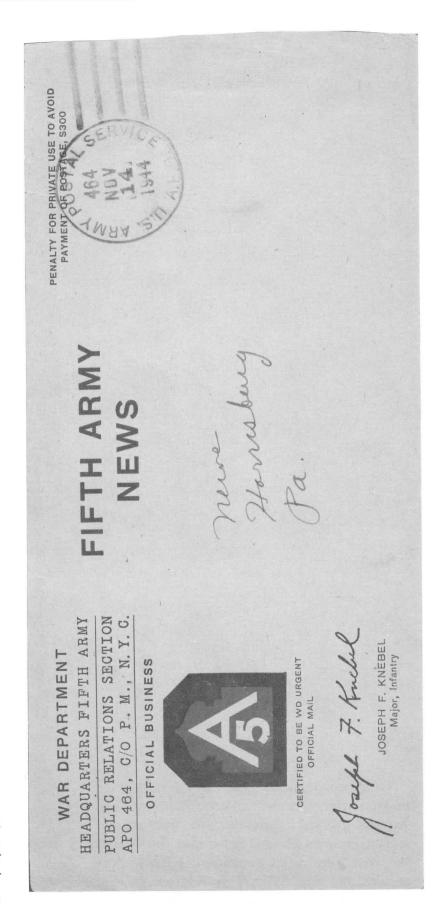
Figure 3

PENALTY POR PRIVATE USE TO AVOID PAYMENT OF POSTAGE, \$300 Office of Price Administration Shoe Rationing Branch 2nd & D Streets, Washington, D. REGIS PERED MATI PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY BETHESDA STATION) OFFICIAL BUSINESS WASHINGTON, D. C. Refer to 797:0B 5

Note, however, the inconsistency of use with Figure 4, a US Public Health Service letter with no additional stamps for the registry. Apparently the penalty indicium is paying the full cost. Note also the title of the OPA branch. Does anyone remember shoes being rationed?

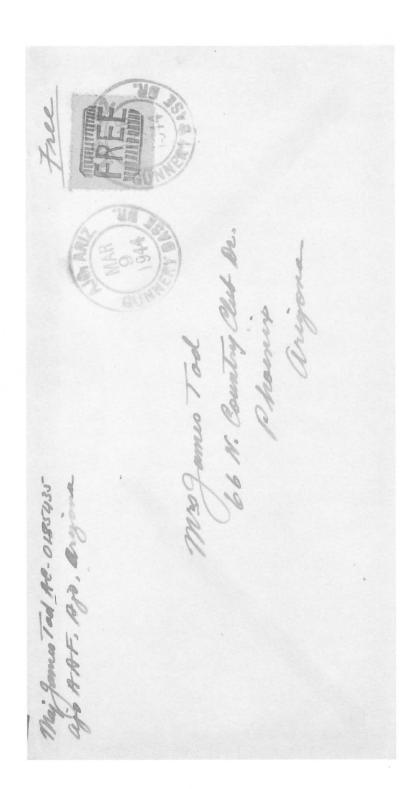
So we have three different uses of departmental mail. One with the penalty envelope paying part of the postage, one paying none of the postage and one paying all of the postage for special uses.

Figure 4



Consistent with the latter use is Figure 5, a Fifth Army News official mail with an APO 464 and that is certified to be urgent official mail of the Wart Department. This is certainly one of the most colorful official mail envelopes to come out of the war, and the Major gets his personal signature as part of the cachet.

Figure 5



Not to be outdone by these fancy uses, another major, stationed at the Gunnery Base near Ajo, Arizona, decided to print his own "free" stamps and use them on his mail rather than just writing the word "free" as most soldiers did. His work is pictured in Figure 6. However, just to make sure there is no problem with the post office, he also wrote "free" in the upper right hand corner, covering all his bets.

Figure 6

PENALTY FOR PRIVATE USE TO AVOID PAYMENT OF POSTAGE, \$300 The Brown Boomer) Sparks, Harrison 008-812685 Mbr. WAR DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL BUSINESS

Thus we find a flexible and apparently confused use of the mails during the war, of which these are only just a few samples.

One more example will illustrate an attempt at humor in the mails. Figure 7 shows the phrase "The Brown Boomer" over the indicium. Buffs of the war will remember that Joe Louis was the Brown Bomber. Who and what is the Brown Boomer? And why was it placed over the penalty rather than in the return address? Was this a dig at the government, or some private personal joke known only to sender and recipient? Perhaps our readers will have knowledge to contribute to these dilemmas.

Figure 7

FORWARDED - DOUBLE RATE

DECEMBER, 1859



SAN FRANCISCO FORWARDED USPO JANUARY 7, 1860 FACTORYVILLE, NEW YORK NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

"OVERLAND VIA LOS ANGELES"

JANUARY, 1862



WELLS, FARGO & CO., SAN FRANCISCO
BOYD'S CITY EXPRESS, NEW YORK (M/S "REC FEB 4TH/62")
FORWARDED USPO FEBRUARY 6

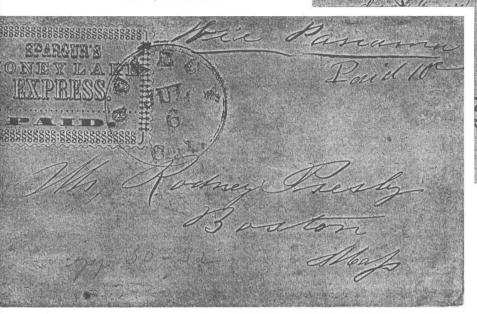
CENTRAL OVERLAND ROUTE
- ADDRESSEE NOT THERE
WESTFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS

FARLEY'S EXPRESS

JANUARY 18, 1858

SPARGUR'S HONEY LAKE EXPRESS

JULY 6, CIRCA 1862



FARLEY'S EXPRESS -USPO CAMPTONVILLE, CALIFORNIA -BURNHAM, MAINE

FARLEY'S EXPRESS OPERATED 1855 - 1858 IN SMALL MINING TOWNS AND CONNECTED WITH THE CAMPTON-VILLE PO; THIS COVER IS THE LAST KNOWN USAGE.

SPARGUR'S HONEY LAKE EXPRESS - USPO QUINCY, CALIFORNIA - "VIA PANAMA" - BOSTON

SPARGUR'S HONEY LAKE EXPRESS OPERATED IN THE HIGH MOUNTAINS FROM 1860 - 1864.

COPLEY & COS. MINERS' EXPRESS



COPLEY & COS. MINER'S EXPRESS - USPO MARYSVILLE, CALIFORNIA - SEMPRONIUS, NEW YORK

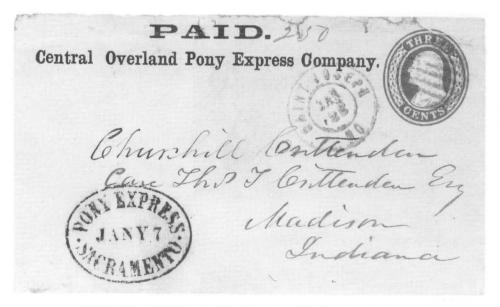
THIS COMPANY OPERATED 1855 - 1856 AROUND THE GIBSONVILLE RIDGE AND FEATHER RIVER MINING CAMPS.

TRANSCONTINENTAL PONY EXPRESS

AN INTEGRAL REQUIREMENT OF THE AMERICAN TRANSCONTINENTAL EXPANSION WAS FASTER DELIVERY OF MAIL. THE PURPOSE WAS TO REDUCE THE TRAVEL TIME FROM 20+ DAYS TO 10 OR LESS. A PRIVATELY FUNDED "PONY EXPRESS" SYSTEM WAS CONCEIVED AND OPERATED BY THE CENTRAL OVERLAND & PIKES PEAK EXPRESS CO.; THEY LASTED FROM APRIL, 1860 THROUGH MARCH, 1861 UNTIL RUINED BY OVERWHELMING COSTS.

ALTHOUGH THE U.S GOVERNMENT TOOK NO PART IN THE DELIVERY, EXPRESS COMPANY MAIL WAS REQUIRED TO HAVE PROPER POSTAGE. THE INITIAL PONY RATE WAS \$5.00 PER 1/2 OZ.

THE CENTRAL OVERLAND CALIFORNIA & PIKES PEAK EXPRESS CO.



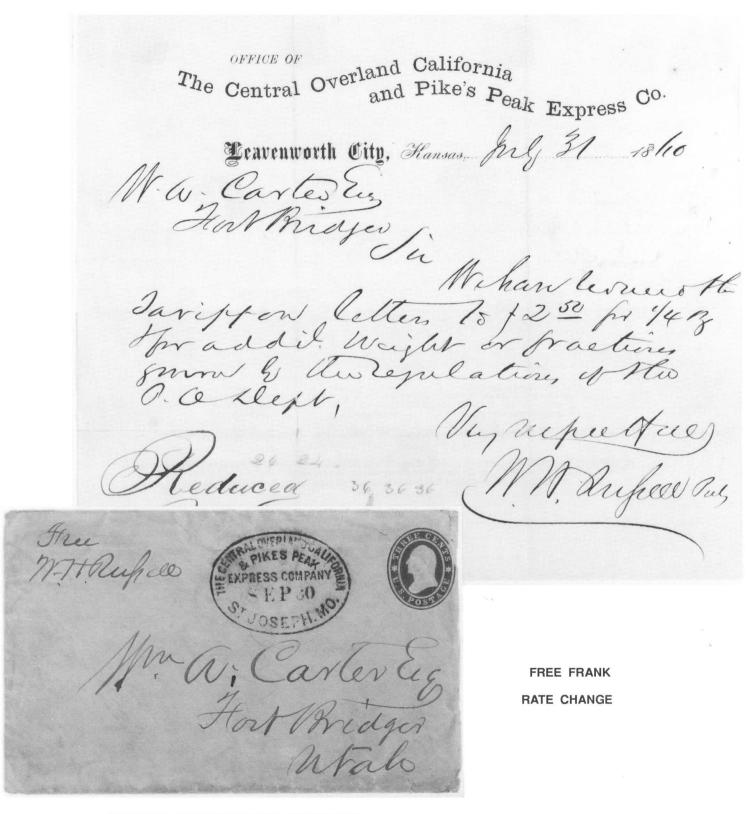
PONY EXPRESS, SACRAMENTO JANUARY 7, 1861 - ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI JANUARY 28,1861 U.S. MAIL, ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI MADISON, INDIANA

THIS COVER WAS RATED \$2.50 FOR 1/4 OZ. (SEE RATE CHANGE NEXT PAGE). THE POSTAGE WAS 3 CENTS BECAUSE INDIANA WAS LESS THAN 3000 MILES.

THIS DELIVERY TOOK THREE WEEKS DUE TO SNOWSTORMS. IT IS ONE OF THREE RECORDED PRINTED PONY FRANKS AND THE ONLY ONE WITH A PONY EXPRESS HAND STAMP CANCELLATION.

THE MAIN ROUTE OF THE PONY EXPRESS IS PRESENTED BELOW.



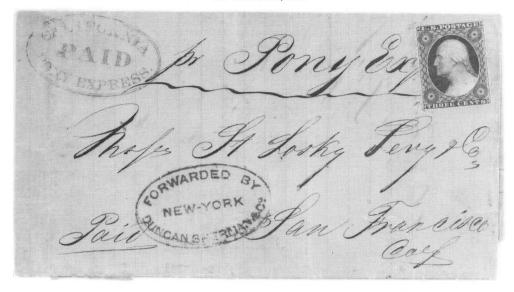


PONY EXPRESS, LEAVENWORTH CITY, KANSAS SEPTEMBER 30, 1860 FORT BRIDGER, UTAH TERRITORY (M/S "OCTOBER 6, 1860" ON BACK)

ALTHOUGH THE ENCLOSURE WAS DATED JULY 31, THIS FREE FRANKED COVER WAS NOT SENT UNTIL SEPTEMBER 30, 1860. SIGNED BY WILLIAM H. RUSSELL, PRESIDENT, IT NOTIFIED THEIR AGENT OF A RATE CHANGE TO \$2.50 PER 1/4 OUNCE

"THE CUBA PONY"

SEPTEMBER 5, 1860



HAVANA, CUBA SEPTEMBER 5 - PRIVATELY CARRIED - NEW YORK

DUNCAN SHERMAN & Co., FORWARDERS NEW YORK - CENTRAL OVERLAND PONY EXPRESS COMPANY

(RED CALIFORNIA PONY EXPRESS HANDSTAMP APPLIED) - BY TRAIN - ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI

(3 CENT STAMP APPLIED) - PONY EXPRESS - SAN FRANCISCO

THIS IS THE ONLY "PONY" COVER KNOWN TO HAVE ORIGINATED OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES. IT IS AN INVOICE FOR 137,550 CIGARS.

ALTHOUGH THE U.S. RATE OVER 3000 MILES WAS 10 CENTS, IT IS INTERESTING TO NOTE THAT THIS ONE HAS 3 CENTS; IT WAS DONE FOR A BRIEF PERIOD OF TIME BY SOME MESSENGERS APPARENTLY TO POCKET THE DIFFERENCE, 7 CENTS, BY NOT OFFICIALLY PLACING THE COVER INTO THE "SYSTEM" UNTIL IT WAS UNDER 3000 MILES.

OCTOBER, 1860



NEW YORK (RED **CALIFORNIA PONY EXPRESS** HANDSTAMP APPLIED) BY TRAIN ST. JOSEPH MISSOURI (BLACK "RUNNING PONY" HANDSTAMP APPLIED)

PONY EXPRESS SAN FRANCISCO

THE OVAL BLACK WESTWARD RUNNING PONY HANDSTAMP WAS EXCLUSIVELY APPLIED AT ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI.

IN MARCH, 1861, CONGRESS PASSED A LAW TRANSFERRING THE OVERLAND MAIL CONTRACT FROM THE SOUTHERN (BUTTERFIELD) ROUTE TO THE CENTRAL ROUTE EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1861. THE CONTRACT WAS AWARDED TO THE OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY WITH THE PROVISION THAT THEY OPERATE A SEMI WEEKLY PONY EXPRESS OVER THE ROUTE UNTIL THE COMPLETION OF THE TRANSCONTINENTAL TELEGRAPH.

BECAUSE OF OVERWHELMING COSTS AS WELL AS DIMINISHED USAGE DUE TO THE EVER PROGRESSING TRANSCONTINENTAL TELEGRAPH, THE CENTRAL OVERLAND CALIFORNIA & PIKES PEAK EXPRESS COMPANY HAD STEADILY BEEN RELINQUISHING CONTROL OF THE PONY TO THE OVERLAND MAIL CO. WHICH WAS LARGELY FINANCED BY AND VERY MUCH UNDER THE DOMINATION OF WELLS, FARGO & CO. AROUND APRIL 1, WELLS, FARGO ASSUMED CONTROL AND ESTABLISHED AN INTERIM RATE OF \$2.00 PER HALF OUNCE.

WELLS, FARGO & CO. - EARLIEST RECORDED WESTBOUND PONY TRIP

APRIL 6, 1861



NEW YORK (BLUE "CALIFORNIA PONY EXPRESS" HANDSTAMP) - BY TRAIN LV ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI APRIL 14 (GREEN HANDSTAMP) - PONY EXPRESS - SAN FRANCISCO

IT IS PROBABLE THAT WELLS, FARGO HAD ASSUMED CONTROL BY THE WEDNESDAY, APRIL 2, DEPARTURE; UNFORTUNATELY NO SURVIVING COVERS ARE REPORTED.

CHARACTERISTICS OF WELLS, FARGO PONY COVERS - DEPARTURE DATES

- 1					
		WESTBOUND:		EASTBOUND:	
	1ST PERIOD:	APRIL 6 - 30	NO AFFIXED PONY EXPRESS STAMP	APRIL 17 -30	NO AFFIXED PONY EXPRESS STAMP
	2ND PERIOD:	MAY 1- JUNE 30	NO AFFIXED PONY EXPRESS STAMP	MAY 1 - JUNE 30	\$2.00 RED, \$4.00 GREEN STAMPS
	3RD PERIOD:	JULY 1 - OCTOBER 26	\$1 GARTER STAMPS AUGUST 24 - END	JULY 1- OCTOBER 23	\$1.00 RED, \$2.00 GREEN STAMPS

FIRST PERIOD EASTBOUND

THE SAN FRANCISCO DAILY HERALD AND RECORD OF TUESDAY, APRIL 16, REPORTED:

"WELLS, FARGO & CO. HAVE RECEIVED A TRANSFER OF THE PONY EXPRESS AND EVERYTHING REFERRING THERETO FROM W. H. RUSSELL . . . THE PONY WILL LEAVE THE OFFICE OF WELLS, FARGO & CO. ON WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY OF EACH WEEK."

THEREFORE, THE FIRST EASTBOUND DEPARTURE WAS WEDNESDAY, APRIL 17. THE ONLY TWO REPORTED SURVIVING COVERS OF THE FIRST PERIOD EASTBOUND ARE OF APRIL 17.

THE WELLS FARGO RED RUNNING PONY

APRIL 17, 1861



SAN FRANCISCO APRIL 17,1861 USPO PONY EXPRESS

ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI NEW YORK

WHY A RED STRIKE WHEN ALL OTHER WELLS, FARGO PONY STRIKES ARE BLUE?

WHILE THERE IS NO CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE, A REASONABLE SCENARIO IS THAT J. W. BROWN, THE SAN FRANCISCO CENTRAL CALIFORNIA OVERLAND & PIKES PEAK EXPRESS CO. AGENT, TURNED OVER THE PONY MAIL WHICH HAD ACCUMULATED AFTER THEIR RUN OF SATURDAY, THE 13TH, TO WELLS, FARGO AFTER THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 14TH OR 15TH. THE WELLS, FARGO AGENT ON DUTY USED ONE OF THE GIVEN PONY STRIKERS ON A RED INK PAD. HE WAS STOPPED AFTER HITTING AT LEAST THIS COVER AND INSTRUCTED TO USE A BLUE PAD THEREAFTER.

APRIL 17, 1861



SAN FRANCISCO APRIL 17,1861 USPO PONY EXPRESS

ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI ELYRIA, OHIO

San Francisco, Calif. April 17, 1861

Friend Ely,

Last December I wrote you of my pressing need of remuneration for certain very unpleasant labor and time expended for you, and indirectly of actual cash paid. I sent with the letter my bill, amount in blank, receipted, leaving it for your sense of justice, to fill, with such sum, as under the circumstances would be right.

Almost four months have I waited, and you seem to have forgotten me. Please remember that for your sake, I more than doubled my expenses, when you commenced boarding at Dr. Adams'. I negotiated a loan for you with Mr. Dana, for which I received nothing, that lost me one of my best customers, in consequence of the trouble he had with the cattle afterwards; and for which, he blames me to this day, that my urging was the only reason he let me have the money.

The \$100 you left with me was expended in moving the stock, journeys, and doctoring the sick cow, taking persons to see them hoping to sell, and at last I paid \$15 to Capt. Richardson of my own money for the keeping of the two you left with him. Osburne has dunned me repeatedly for the payment of his bill. \$50.00.

If in the above I speak plainly, it is because I feel hurt, that you seem to ignore a service, undertaken unwillingly, and yet performed in good faith. If you cannot at once send me all you purpose doing, send what you can, by *Pony Express* immediately, I need it, and tell me what amount, and when you will forward the balance.

None of the premiums are paid and I doubt if they ever will be. I have exhausted every means to get something from the State Society, and at last have abandoned all hope.

I send this by Pony, because I cannot wait any longer.

Very truly yours, Henry Leffinwell No. 6 Montgomery Block

(Pony covers are seldom found with letters enclosed.)

WELLS, FARGO PONY EXPRESS - SECOND PERIOD EASTBOUND



SAN FRANCISCO MAY 11, 1861 - PONY EXPRESS - USPO ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI MAY 24 - BOSTON

THE SECOND WELLS, FARGO & CO. PERIOD OF OPERATION WAS FROM MAY 1 - JUNE 30, 1861. RATE: \$2.00 PER 1/2 OUNCE.

\$2 RED AND \$4 GREEN STAMPS WERE PREPARED; THESE STAMPS WERE USED FROM WEST TO EAST ONLY.

THE FAMILIAR WELLS, FARGO & CO. "PAID" OVAL HANDSTAMP IS FIRST RECORDED ON THIS PONY COVER.

WAY COVER - CARSON CITY



CARSON CITY, NEVADA TERRITORY - PONY EXPRESS - USPO ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI - NEW YORK

THE SPECIAL PONY EXPRESS SADDLE, A "MOCHILLA", HAD FOUR POUCHES; ON EASTBOUND TRIPS, NORMALLY THREE WERE LOCKED AFTER HAVING LEFT SACRAMENTO AND THE OTHER OPEN FOR MAIL TAKEN ALONG THE "WAY".

JOHN M. FREEMAN SOLD HIS EXPRESS BUSINESS TO WELLS, FARGO & CO. IN 1859; THEY OVERPRINTED THE REMAINING STOCK OF UNUSED FREEMAN & CO'S EXPRESS COVERS WITH THEIR OWN FRANK.

TRIPLE RATE TWO AND FOUR DOLLAR "PONY" STAMPS

JUNE 26, 1861



SAN FRANCISCO JUNE 26 USPO PONY EXPRESS

ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI JULY 8 NEW YORK

THIS IS THE ONLY COMBINATION MULTIPLE RATE COVER OF THE SECOND WELLS, FARGO & CO. PERIOD. (THE FIRST "PONY" STAMP PERIOD - MAY 1 - JUNE 30, 1861)

THER ARE NO OTHER COVERS KNOWN BEARING A FOUR DOLLAR GREEN "PONY" STAMP.

NOTICE APPEARED IN SEVERAL CALIFORNIA NEWSPAPERS APRIL 15 - 30, 1861: "LETTERS MUST BE ENCLOSED IN TEN CENT GOVERNMENT ENVELOPES AND PONY POSTAGE PREPAID". THIS COVER MEETS THE QUALIFICATION EXACTLY; THEREFORE, NO EXTRA U.S. STAMPS WERE AFFIXED.

WELLS, FARGO PONY EXPRESS - THIRD PERIOD EASTBOUND

ON JULY 1, 1861, THE GOVERNMENT SUBSIDIZED THE PONY EXPRESS WITH THE STIPULATION THAT THE RATE BE REDUCED TO \$1.00 PER HALF OUNCE.

WELLS, FARGO & CO. ISSUED THREE NEW STAMPS; \$1 RED, \$2 GREEN AND \$4 BLACK.
THERE ARE NO FOUR BLACK STAMPS KNOWN ON COVER.

"THE PONY THAT WENT BOTH WAYS"



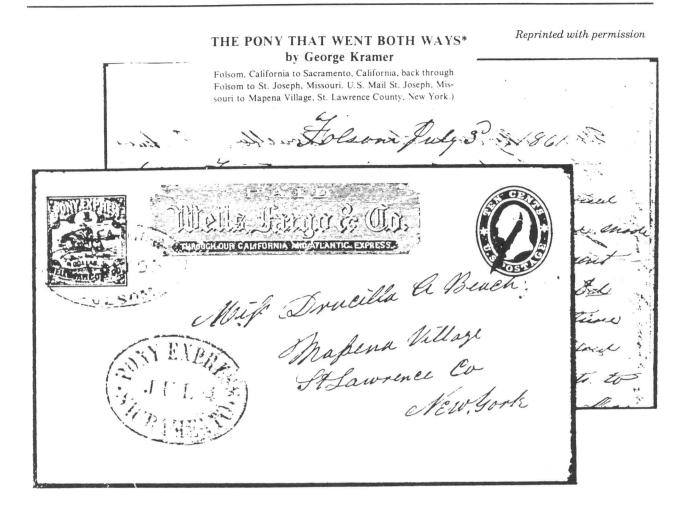
FOLSOM JULY 3 - PONY EXPRESS - SACRAMENTO JULY 4 - PONY EXPRESS FOLSOM - ST.JOSEPH, MISSOURI - USPO - MAPENA VILLAGE, NEW YORK

THIS IS ONE OF TWO RECORDED TO HAVE BEEN CARRIED ON THE FIRST RUN AFTER THE RATE CHANGE. IT IS ALSO THE ONLY RECORDED PONY COVER DEPARTING FROM FOLSOM.

THE DATELINE OF THE ENCLOSED LETTER, JULY 3, SHOWS THAT IT WAS CARRIED WEST BEFORE IT WAS CARRIED EAST.

THE \dot{W} RITER STATED: "AM SORRY I HAVE NO MORE TIME TODAY BUT THE PONY STARTS ON HIS JOURNEY OVERLAND TO THE EASTERN STATES AT 4 OCLOCK TIS NOW TWO . . . WE HAVE A CELEBRATION AND EVERYBODY IS BUSY TODAY."

WESTERN EXPRESS—JANUARY 1986



As of July 1, 1861 the price of a Pony Express letter was reduced from \$2 to \$1 per half ounce. San Francisco newspaper advertisements read:

"For the Service Commencing July 1, 1861, Messrs. Wells, Fargo & Co. will run a Pony Express between San Francisco and Placerville, regularly on Wednesday and Saturday of each week, leaving their office at 3:45 P.M. on these days, and connecting with the Overland Mail Company's Pony Express at Placerville."

A Wells, Fargo & Co. agent would carry the letters by commercial steamer from San Francisco to Sacramento; thence, a 75 minute trip on the Sacramento Valley Railroad¹ to Folsom and transfer to the nearby

Sacramento Union August 12, 1861

Sacramento Valley Railroad schedule as of April 15, 1861 Leave Sacramento (to Folsom) 6:30 A.M.-2:15 P.M.-5:00 P.M. Leave Folsom (to Sacramento) 6:30 A.M:-42:00 P.M.-5:15 P.M. Wells, Fargo & Co. stables for the run to Placerville.

This cover is one of two recorded to have made the first trip under the new \$1 rate (the other having left on July 3, 1861 from San Francisco). It is also the only recorded pony cover to have originated in Folsom, California.

Although the two letters enclosed in the envelope are dated July 1 and July 3 at Folsom, the Sacramento pony express strike is that of July 4. Folsom, however, is located approximately 20 miles east of Sacramento. It is illogical therefore, that expensive pony express mail would be carried west and thus delayed by at least one day before going to its eastern destination.

What did happen is fairly certain. Charles Shirland identified the time of his letter as 2:00 P.M. (Wednesday) July 3rd. The Folsom Wells Fargo office cancelled the Pony stamp and handed the letter to the express messenger on the Sacramento Valley Railroad train leaving at 5:15 P.M. for Sacramento.

THE PONY (Continued)

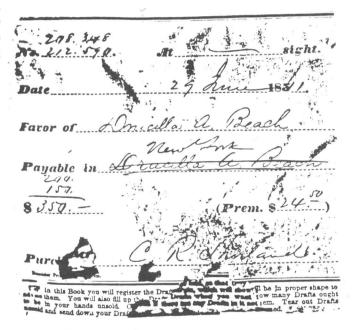
At Sacramento, Shirland's letter mixed with those that came up from San Francisco on the steamer and those which arrived from off route places such as Marysville and Nevada City. Early on the morning of Thursday, July 4, 1861, a Wells Fargo employee at Sacramento cancelled the Pony mail and divided it into three of the four pockets of the *Mochilla*.² The *mochilla* went aboard the 6:30 A.M. train for Folsom, and arrived there at 7:45. Although Shirland's letter was back where he wrote it eighteen hours before, this time a Pony Express rider would carry it eastward!

No surviving Wells, Fargo & Co. records indicate any reason for this backwards procedure. To save time at the transfer points, it may have been more expedient for this letter to have been already placed in one of the three locked cantinas at Sacramento. This would also allow for maximum space in the one unlocked pouch for additional mail to be taken along the "way".

This writer would submit, however, that had the letter been presented to the Folsom Wells Fargo & Co. office after the 5:15 P.M. train left for Sacramento, then it would have been placed in the "open" mochila pocket and carried east as a "way" letter without a "pony" strike rather than being taken back to Sacramento and forced to wait there for the next delivery departure on July 7th.

Writing on a faint-lined, hard-finished, light weight tissue paper (about the weight of letter press copy paper), Shirland told a love story repeated many times over. Men came to California to make their fortune and either return home, or occasionally to bring their wives and sweethearts West. Charlie Shirland did not make his fortune in the mines, but found wealth in mercantile pursuits. He needed a wife by his side.

The two letters that went east with this cover were both full of advice. Charlie provided practical arrangements: money and travelling chaperones to New York City. After all, the young woman probably had never travelled more than a few miles from home. Now she was going thousands of miles to a strange land. Like most travellers, she needed new money. While both California and New York were states in the Union, hard money California accepted only gold coin and not bank bills. Wells, Fargo & Co. assisted. On June 29, 1861, C.T.H. Palmer, the company's Folsom agent, sold Shirland two drafts, one for \$200 and the other for \$150, payable in New York. As Shirland noted, "They will be good at any of the Banks in your county."



(Courtesy Wells, Farpo & Co-Archives, San Francisco Chistornia)

²Mail pouches were never in use on the Overland Pony Express. To avoid delay in changing mounts, a leather mochila with four hard leather cantinas or mail boxes fastened to the skirt was thrown over the saddle... The cantinas were locked with small padlocks thus the rider could change the mochila from one saddle to the other and be away within the allotted two minutes. "It should be noted that the same mochila made the entire trip, being transferred from horse to horse and rider to rider. Three of the cantinas or mail pockets were locked all the way with through mail; the fourth contained way mail and the way-bill for time of arrival and leaving stations. All letters placed in the pockets were wrapped in oiled silk to protect them from moisture." The Pony Express—Nathan & Boggs page 11

³ Wells, Fargo & Co. Folsom draft book C.T.H. Palmer. Agent #208,348 S200 June 29, 1861

At sight, #212.590 150 in favor

150 in favor of
5350. Drucilla A. Beach
Payable in N.Y.
Purchaser

C.R. Shirland Premium \$24.50

(Courtesy Wells, Fargo & Co. Archives, San Francisco, California)

Page 11

(Continued)

CONTENTS OF THE LETTERS

Folsom, July 1, 1861

My Dear Cousin [Drucilla A. Beach]

If not cousin now I hope it soon will be as Cousin Charlie has informed me of an engagement existing between yourself and him. He also has told me of his intentions of sending for you to come to California, and at his request I take my pen to write you a few lines relative to your trip to California, as he thought the experience of my trip to California might be of some comfort to you. In the last letter he received from you, you requested [me] to tell you what you wanted to bring with you. I will write what I think is comfortable if I was to start on a trip to the East. I should prepare myself with a double gown (not a very warm one) for morning use and sea sickness. And two or three loose dresses of calico & muslin so as to have them cool and comfortable. And nice dresses there is but little use for on a steamer, if any. The salt water is very bad for them if it gets on them it is a shame to ruin them. If I were in your place I would wrap my nice dresses in oil silk so as to not have salt water reach them, also any nice article I wished to be careful of. I would pack one trunk with every thing you will have use for so you can have it in your stateroom and not be obliged to go to the baggage room only to see that they are all safe.

And now of a few words from myself to you. I would be very careful coming out with whom I made acquaintance as there is a great many traveling on the steamers back and forth that are not fit companions for a lady to associate with, both ladies and gentlemen if such can be called. If you was in charge of a gentleman there would be no need of this advice. Now relative to your coming here, do not feel as though you was coming entirely among strangers. You may not like California at first, but I am confident you will in a short time after being here, and get acquainted. I will try-and to my part towards making you feel at home and make it pleasant for you. And I have every reason to know that cousin Charlie will do so. And I hope you will never resent the step you are about to take for your future life and happiness. With my best wishes for you and a pleasant passage to this country, I subscribe myself your friend and well wisher.

Mrs. E. D. Shirland.

Folsom, July 3, 1861

My very dear Friend. [Drucilla A. Beach]

You will not be surprised to learn that after so long a time that I have made arrangements for you to come to California. I sent you by Frank Eastman Fifty dollars in care of Ed which I suppose you have received before this time. I also have sent you on the 1st July Three

Hundred and fifty more. I have made arrangements to have you come on the 1st of August with a Mrs. Allen of Worcester, Mass., her husband is here and they are going to board the students in the Folsom Institute next term. My plan is to have your Father and Mother come to Troy with you and then Cousin Harvey Shirland & wife will go to New York with you and Mrs. Allen and get your tickets and State room and stay on board with you until the boat sails. I am shure you will have a pleasant time at Cousins House. If your Parents can not go to Troy with you perhaps Ed and James would go with you. Your Father can get your Drafts cashed for you as they will be good at any of the Banks in your county but you must be shure and have gold as Bank bills are of no use or you would have to discount them. My Cousin Cornelia Shirland at my request has written you and I shall leave all to your own good judgement. I know that I have the fullest confidence in you, and my future aim and ambition shall be to make you happy. What more can I do? I believe we are well

Now my own dear Drucilla. I have written and made the best of arrangements for you to come. I shall now expect you and [will] make such arrangements for your reception as will make you comfortable and contented. You will not be with strangers but my Cousins here will also use all their power to cheer and comfort. As for me you know what I have so often repeated.

I want to write to your Father but you can show him all my letters if you choose. I am sorry I have no more time to day but the Pony starts on his journey overland to the Eastern states at 4 o'clock. Tis now Two and I am in a flurry and have to quit writing every moment to wait on a customer. We hve a Celebration tomorrow and everybody is busy today. You will receive the money and letters by the 20th I think. Dont spare any expense to get ready to start and keep up a courageous heart. Sometimes I fear you will not come but I believe you will. I will write again next week by Pony. Write me as soon as you receive this and let me know if you will. Cousin Ed & Wife will go to San Francisco with me to meet you. I will be on hand before the boat gets to her dock. Time is almost up I must close. My business is good at present. Am doing very well. Give my compliments to all my friends who may enquire. I shall remain ever true.

Charlie Shirland

Spare no money to come as this is the best chance for company. Write immediately. Ever yours Charlie.

N.B. Payne is undecided and I dont believe he will send for Lib. He's all talk and no decision.

TRIPLE RATE

ONE AND TWO DOLLAR "PONY" STAMPS

AUGUST 3, 1861



SAN FRANCISCO AUGUST 3 USPO PONY EXPRESS BY TRAIN ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI NEW YORK

THIS IS THE ONLY COMBINATION MULTIPLE RATE COVER OF THE THIRD PERIOD. (THE SECOND *PONY* STAMP PERIOD - JULY 1 - OCTOBER 24, 1861)

AT SOME POINT DURING THE SUMMER OF 1861, THE GOVERNMENT MUST HAVE ENFORCED THAT THERE BE A U.S. STAMP FOR EACH SINGLE RATE "PONY STAMP"; THUS, ONE TEN CENT STAMP IS PRESUMED MISSING.

TO SCHLESWIG - HOLSTEIN

SEPTEMBER 14, 1861



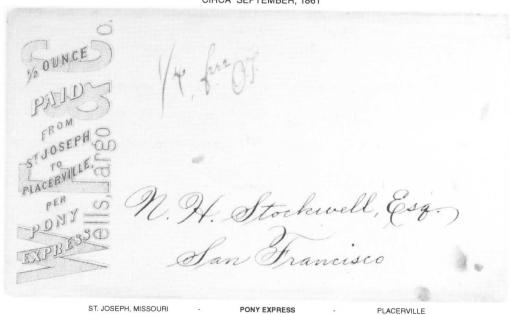
SAN FRANCISCO SEPTEMBER 14 - F USPO - BY TRAIN TO NEW YORK ARR SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND OCTOBER 17 -TRAIN TO HAMBURG OCTOBER 20 PONY EXPRESS - ATCHISON, KANSAS SEPTEMBER 27 R - LV NEW YORK OCTOBER 5 PER HAPAG "SAXONIA" - PRUSSIAN CLOSED MAIL - ARR AACHEN, PRUSSIA OCTOBER 19 TRAIN TO HOLSTEIN OCTOBER 22

ATCHISON, KANSAS WAS THE LAST EASTERN TERMINUS OF THE PONY EXPRESS.

POSTAL RATES: 30 CENTS PAID ALL TO THE OUTER PRUSSIAN BORDER (7 CENTS CREDIT TO PRUSSIA AND BELGIUM). 4 SKILLING (RED CRAYON) POSTAGE DUE TO HOLSTEIN WHICH WAS OUTSIDE THE POSTAL UNION.

TO THE LAST WESTERN TERMINUS

CIRCA SEPTEMBER, 1861



BY TRAIN

SACRAMENTO

SAN FRANCISCO

WELLS FARGO & CO. USED THIS SPECIAL FRANK ON WESTBOUND PONY EXPRESS COVERS TO THE FINAL WESTERN TERMINUS, PLACERVILLE, CALIFORNIA.

THIS COVER WAS ADDRESSED TO THE SAN FRANCISCO AGENT; IT WEIGHED 1/4 OUNCE AND WAS SENT "FREE" WITHOUT GOVERNMENT POSTAGE.

wo of

liver all

J. B. Hambler He



Suyable at with interest

TUESDAY, JULY 30th-1 P. M.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE UNION.

ARRIVAL OF THE PONY EXPRESS.

[BY TELEGRAPH FROM ST. LOUIS TO FORT KRARNY, THENCE BY PONY EXPRESS TO MIDDLE GATE STATION, THENCE BY TELEGRAPH TO SACRAMENTO.]

MIDDLE GATE STATION, 75 miles east of Fort Churchill, July 30th.

The Pony, with dates from St. Louis to July 22d, arrived here at one o'clock this morning, ten hours behind time, bringing advices for the HATON.

DATES TO JULY 22d.

The United S ates Grand Army moving on Wanassas Junction- the Rebels Retreat from their advanced Positions-Attack on Batteries-Killed and Wounded - General Johnson forming a Junction with Beauregard-Six hundred of Wise's men Driven from Barboursville-California Treasure escorted from Aspin-walt-Cotton Report - Colonel Sigel Promoted to a Brigadier-General-A party Surprised by Rebels near Fortress Monroe-New Tariff Bill-Two more Battles in Missouri-The hebels defeated in both instances.

St. Louis, July 20th, via Fort Krarny, July 22d.

On July 18th the grand army reached Bull's Run, three miles from Manassas Junction, where it met the first resistance of any importance. Prior to that only a few collisions occurred between the Federal scouts and skirmishers, and scattering bands of the enemy's cavalry. A few of the latter were captured. The obstruc-

PLACERVILLE & ST. JOSEPH OVERLAND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

JULY 30 1861



NEWS OF BULL'S RUN; NOTE THE INTERWORKING OF THE TELEGRAPH AND THE PONY EXPRESS.

ON OCTOBER 24, 1861 THE TRANSCONTINENTAL TELEGRAPH WAS COMPLETED BY THIS COMPANY . THEN, THERE WAS NO LONGER A NEED FOR THE PONY EXPRESS TO CARRY NEWS AND IT CEASED OPERATION SHORTLY THEREAFTER.

ALBANY & BUFFALO

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, TELEGRAPH BUILDINGS, 145 BROADWAY, COR. LIBERTY ST., NEW YORK,

Auxiliary Offices-St. Nicholas Hotel, Hudson River Rail Road Depot, and Produce Exchange

TERMS AND CONDITIONS ON WHICH MESSAGES ARE RECEIVED BY THIS COMPANY FOR TRANSMISSION.

THOMAS R. WALKER, President

No.

New Forth, Albuny und Buffalo Telegraph Co.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE,

TELEGRAPH BUILDING, No. 145 BROADWAY,

OPEN AT ALI, HOURS.

AUXILIARY OFFICES. St. Nicholas Hotel, Produce Exchange, and Hudson River R. R. Depots

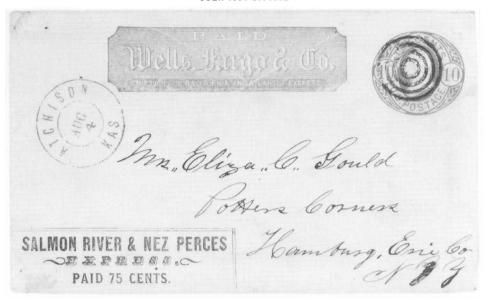
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AN EARLY EXAMPLE OF THE COMPLETED TRANSCONTINENTAL TELEGRAPH.

Raid

SALMON RIVER & NEZ PERCES EXPRESS WELLS, FARGO & CO.

JULY, 1861 OR 1862



SALMON RIVER & NEZ PERCES EXPRESS - WELLS, RARGO & CO., WALLA, WALLA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY CENTRAL OVERLAND ROUTE USPO ATCHISON, KANSAS AUGUST 4 HAMBURG, NEW YORK

DURING 1861 AND 1862 THIS COMPANY CARRIED FROM THE SALMON RIVER AND NEZ PERCES MINES IN IDAHO TO WALLA, WALLA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY WHERE IT CONNECTED WITH WELLS, FARGO & CO.

BETWEEN NOVEMBER 1862 AND MARCH 3, 1863



USPO BOSTON FORWARDED

WELLS, FARGO & CO. , SAN FRANCISCO FLORENCE CITY, WASHINGTON TERRITORY

ALTHOUGH NO CITY OF ORIGIN IS GIVEN, THE "PAID" CANCELLATION WAS PECULIAR TO THE BOSTON PO.

FLORENCE CITY WAS LOCATED IN WASHINGTON TERRITORY UNTIL IDAHO TERRITORY WAS CREATED MARCH 3, 1863; WELLS, FARGO & CO. OPENED THEIR FLORENCE OFFICE IN NOVEMBER, 1862.

"WILL W.F. & CO. PLEASE FORWARD THIS WITH ATTY - OATH OF OFFICE TO THE JUDGE AT FLORENCE CITY W.T."

SECTION IV

U.S. 3 CENT RATE

1863 - 1869

ON JULY 1, 1863, THE U.S. DISTANCE DIFFERENTIAL WAS REMOVED AND THE UNIFORM RATE ANYWHERE IN THE COUNTRY BECAME THREE CENTS.

APRIL 26, 1864



GENTRYVILLE, MISSOURI APRIL 26 VIA PANAMA - SAN FRANCISCO

NEW YORK NAPA CITY, CALIFORNIA

RATE: 3 CENTS; 7 CENTS OVERPAID.

INCREDIBLY, ALMOST ONE YEAR LATER SOME MAIL WAS STILL PAID AT THE OLD 10 CENT RATE.

D. C. PATTERSON & CO.'S BOISE & SALT LAKE EXPRESS

JUNE 25, 1864

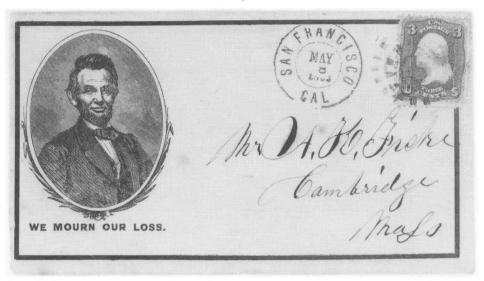


D. C. PATTERSON & CO.'S BOISE & SALT LAKE EXPRESS, BOISE, IDAHO TERRITORY, JUNE 25 USPO BRIGHTON CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, JULY 9 BRANCHPORT, NEW YORK

RATES: D.C. PATERSON 1 DOLLAR; USPO 3 CENTS.

D. C. PATTERSON & CO.'S BOISE & SALT LAKE EXPRESS EXISTED FROM JUNE 19, 1863 FOR SLIGHTLY MORE THAN ONE YEAR.

MAY 8, 1865



SAN FRANCISCO

CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS

AS ABRAHAM LINCOLN DIED APRIL 15, 1865, THIS COVER MUST HAVE BEEN HASTILY PRODUCED ON THE WEST COAST.

TRANSCONTINENTAL PATRIOTIC "MOURNING" LETTERS

JUNE 24, 1865



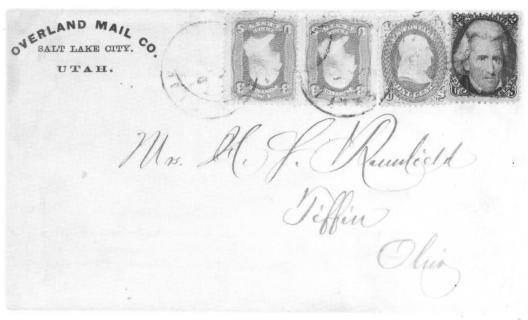
WASHINGTON, D.C.

SAN FRANCISCO

RATE 3 CENTS: THE TRANSCONTINENTAL RATE DIFFERENTIAL WAS ABOLISHED JULY 1, 1863. THIS COVER WAS EITHER 7 CENTS OVERPAID OR A TRIPLE RATE COVER, 1 CENT OVERPAID.

OVERLAND MAIL CO.

CIRCA 1866



SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

OVERLAND

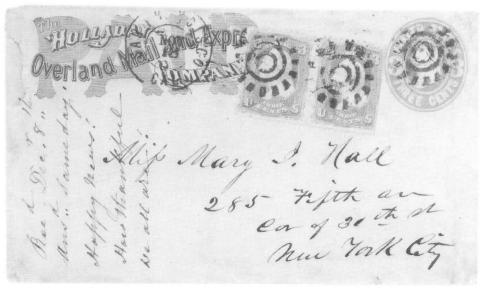
TIFFIN, OHIO

THIS COMPANY BEGAN OPERATIONS IN 1858 AND WAS KNOWN AS THE "SOUTHERN" OR "BUTTERFIELD" LINE; HOWEVER, THE ABOVE MARKING IS NOT RECORDED BEFORE 1865.

TRIPLE RATE COVERS

THE HOLLADAY OVERLAND MAIL AND EXPRESS COMPANY

CIRCA 1865



SAN FRANCISCO

OVERLAND

NEW YORK

BEN HOLLADAY, "THE STAGECOACH KING", ABSORBED THE CENTRAL OVERLAND AND PIKES PEAK EXPRESS COMPANY AROUND 1862 AT WHICH TIME IT WAS CALLED THE "OVERLAND STAGE LINE". FROM 1864 - 1866 THE ABOVE NAME WAS USED.

THE NEARLY COMPLETED UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD

OCTOBER 11, 1868



WELLS, FARGO & CO. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH OCTOBER 11 UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD OCTOBER 13

STAGECOACH TO RAILHEAD PHILADELPHIA OCTOBER 19

THE STAGECOACH TRAVELLED EASTWARD TWO DAYS PERHAPS TO BYRAN, WYOMING TERRITORY (ABOUT 175 MILES)



OCTOBER 18, 1868



USPO ERIE, PENNSYLVANIA OCTOBER 18

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD - GREEN RIVER, WYOMING TERRITORY

TRAIN TO ST. LOUIS
- ECHO CITY, UTAH

THE ADDRESSEE WAS A U.P.R.R. DIVISION ENGINEER WHO HAD PROBABLY GIVEN HIS FAMILY A SUPPLY OF WELLS, FARGO ENVELOPES. EVIDENTLY, HE HAD BEEN SENT AHEAD TO ECHO CITY, UTAH.

In less than Four Days, avoiding the Dangers of the San! Pravelers for Pleasure, Health or Business

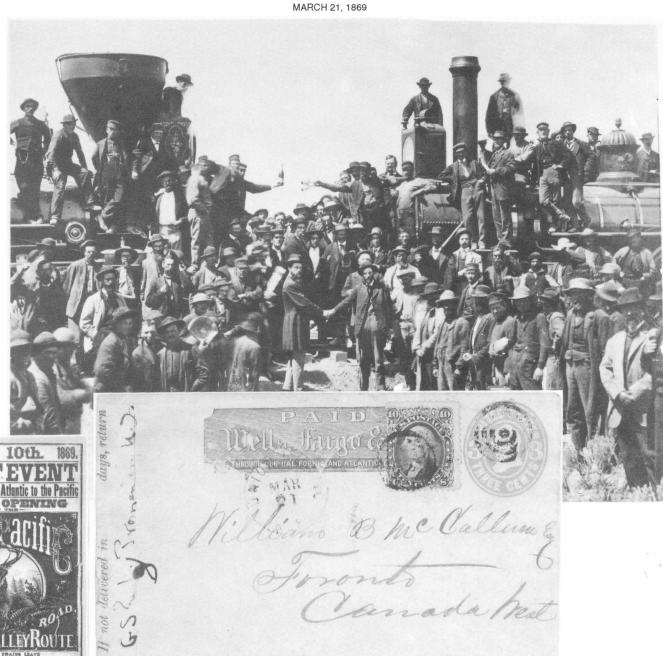
UXURIOUS CARS & EATING HOUSES

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

GOLD, SILVER AND OTHER MINERS!

CHEYENNE for DENVER, CENTRAL CITY & SANTA FE or daily all dains on high, and off thems off his also off the alban produce treats for that it all principal bandond effects. Bo Sture they Read via Platte Valley or Omnaha

PROMONTORY, UTAH TERRITORY



PROMONTORY, UTAH TERRITORY UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD MARCH 21 PER WELLS, FARGO & CO. TORONTO, CANADA WEST

RATE: 3c U.S. + 10c TO CANADA

THE "GRAND CONSOLIDATION" BETWEEN THE CENTRAL PACIFIC AND UNION PACIFIC RAILROADS OCCURRED MAY 10, 1869. THE AGREED PLACE WAS PROMENTORY, UTAH TERRITORY. AT THIS TIME, WELLS, FARGO & CO. CARRIED THE MAILS BETWEEN THE EVER CLOSING RAILROADS. THE WRITER WAS PROBABLY A CANADIAN MEMBER OF THE ADVANCE PARTY OF ENGINEERS.

DIFFICULTY OF ACQUISITION: BECAUSE PROMONTORY WAS IN THE MIDDLE OF THE DESERT, THERE WAS NO POST OFFICE. THE ONLY POSSIBLE POSITIVE MARKING WOULD BE A DOCKETING AS SHOWN.

ALASKA

MAY 12, 1869

Special Agents Office Litha, alaska. 7/lay 5:, 1869.

Miss & mucil Miller Pomfret. Vermont

> ENCLOSURE "SITKA, ALASKA (TERRITORY) MAY 5,1869" NEW YORK

SAN FRANCISCO POMFRET, VERMONT

ALTHOUGH THE FIRST "POST OFFICE" OPENED IN SITKA IN LATE 1867, THIS IS ONE OF THE EARLIEST TRANSCONTINENTAL COVERS KNOWN FROM ALASKA.

POSSIBLE VERY EARLY WEST COAST USE OF THE 3 CENT 1869 STAMP

APRIL 8, (1869)



SAN FRANÇISCO

ROSTON

ALTHOUGH THERE IS NO YEAR DATE ON THIS COVER, IT DOES NOT SEEM REASONABLE TO ENDORSE "BY OVERLAND MAIL" IN 1870 WHEN ALL DOMESTIC TRANSCONTINENTAL MAIL WOULD HAVE GONE BY RAILROAD.

THE 3 CENT STAMP WAS PRODUCED MARCH 27, 1869; A SUPPLY COULD HAVE REACHED SAN FRANCISCO ON THE ALMOST COMPLETE RAILROAD BARELY IN TIME FOR THIS USAGE.

Editor's Message

It is my first responsibility in this issue of *The Heliograph* to apologize for how late this issue is. The summer and fall ended up being chaotic for me, whether or not one includes my move in mid-November to Kansas City, Missouri.

Response to our serialization of George Jay Kramer's exhibit has continued to be quite positive from philatelic scholars, authors and average collectors, while response to it from philatelic literature judges has been lukewarm at best. However, *The Heliograph* did win a Silver-Bronze medal at STaMpsHOW '94 in Pittsburgh, followed by a Silver medal at CHICA-GOPEX later in the year.

There are two corrections to be made to the Spring 1994 issue of *The Heliograph*--help given George Kramer and me regarding his exhibit and its serialization. Paula E. Rabkin, Research Associate for Postal History at the United States Postal Service notes that on page 22 of the Spring issue, "the name of the person talking about coming home on the Freeman & Co. cover is Alonzo, not George. On page 24, the post office name on the cancellation of the March 16, 1859, cover is Omega (which was esablished on June 19, 1857, in Nevada County.)" Thanks Paula. At least two other readers wrote in about the Omega cover as well.

More information about the device known as the Heliograph continues to emerge. Joe Crosby of Oklahoma City sent us a copy of an article entitled, "Some Reflections on the Heliograph," by Rebecca Robbins, published in the August 1983 issue of *Periodical--The Journal of the Council of America's Military Past* (CAMP). Camp is chartered in Arizona as a non-profit educational corporation and also has a publication called, "Headquarters Heliogram."

Your comments, suggestions and questions are most welcome. Let me know what you think-Dane S. Claussen.

