

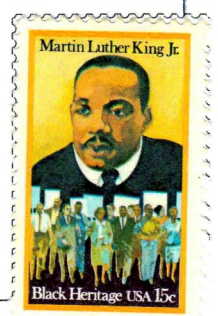
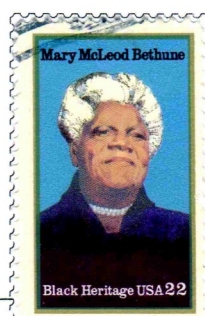
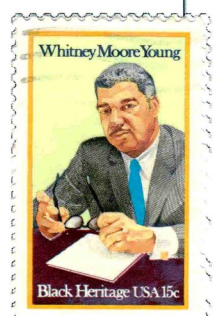
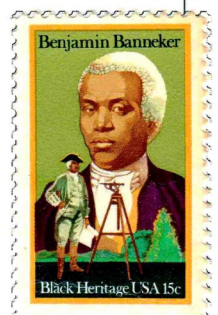
Black Heritage

This very old USPS worksheet covers the early Black Heritage issues of 1978 – 1988. We have changed the directions to avoid confusion. Read the name of the famous person and find her/his stamp so you can see what that person looked like. Read the facts on the right and try to match it to the correct person on the left. When reading the facts, bare in mind that some of the stamps have images that might help you decide who the clue is describing. The other way to solve is to use the internet to look up the people you have never heard of and learn about them. When you figure out a clue that matches a certain person write the capital letter next to the person or draw a line from the clue on the right to the person on the left. Have fun learning with stamps!



- 1 Jackie Robinson (1919 – 1972)
- 2 Mary McLeod Bethune (1875 – 1955)
- 3 Benjamin Banneker (1731 – 1806)
- 4 Harriet Tubman (1821 – 1913)
- 5 James Weldon Johnson (1871 – 1938)
- 6 Sojourner Truth (1797 – 1883)
- 7 Jean Baptist Pointe du Sable (1750 – 1818)
- 8 Martin Luther King (1929 – 1968)
- 9 Scott Joplin (1868 – 1917)
- 10 Whitney Moore Young (1921 – 1971)
- 11 Carter Woodson (1875 – 1950)

- A. She was the youngest of 17 children and was a founder of Bethune-Cookman College.
- B. He had a college degree but served during World War II as a private in a segregated Army unit building roads. He became Executive Director of the National Urban League.
- C. A minister he introduced the strategy of civil disobedience to the black struggle for equality.
- D. Given the name Isabella at birth, she changed her name at age 46 and traveled throughout the North speaking against slavery and for women's rights.
- E. Born free, this self-taught surveyor and mathematician assisted in the survey and establishment of boundaries for today's Washington, DC.
- F. An educator, historian and writer this man is called "The Founder of Black History."
- G. He served as U.S. Consul in Venezuela and Nicaragua and co-authored with his brother 200 songs including "Lift Ev'ry Voice and Sing."
- H. A runaway slave, she worked for more than 10 years before the Civil War sending other slaves to freedom.
- I. He taught himself to play the piano and was known as "The King of Ragtime."
- J. Born in Haiti and self-educated, he built a trading post in 1773 that became the city that is now known as Chicago.
- K. He first played professional baseball in Canada and went on to become the first black major leaguer with the then Brooklyn Dodgers.



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Answer Key



1 Jackie Robinson **K**
(1919 – 1972)

2. Mary McLeod Bethune **B**
(1875 – 1955)

3. Benjamin Banneker **E**
(1731 – 1806)

4. Harriet Tubman **H**
(1821 – 1913)

5. James Weldon Johnson
(1871 – 1938) **G**

6. Sojourner Truth
(1797 – 1883) **D**

7 Jean Baptist Pointe du Sable **J**
(1750 – 1818)

8. Martin Luther King
(1929 – 1968) **C**

9. Scott Joplin
(1868 – 1917) **I**

10. Whitney Moore Young
(1921 – 1971) **B**

11 Carter Woodson
(1875 – 1950) **F**

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